**Приложение 17**

**проверочная работа**

**по темам 2.17. Промышленность, 2.18. Детали, механизмы**

**(«Глагольные формы на - ing», «Страдательный залог»)**

**Методические указания к проверочной работе**

Данная работа может быть использована на этапе закрепления и контроля знаний.

Разработано 2 варианта заданий. Все варианты работы равноценны.

Работа рассчитана на 60 минут.

**Критерии оценивания:**

**«Отлично» - верно выполнены 1-5 задания;**

 **«Хорошо» - верно выполнены 1-4 задания;**

 **«Удовлетворительно» - верно выполнены 1-3 задания;**

**«Удовлетворительно» - верно выполнено менее 3 заданий.**

**ВАРИАНТ 1**

**1. Translate the following sentences paying attention to Participles** I.

1) The road joining the two villages is very narrow.

2) Driving a car in the rush hours, you must be very attentive because traffic is very heavy.

3) Having built the world’s first electric locomotive, Werner von Siemens demonstrated it at the Berlin Exhibition.

4) The first Metro trains were driven by steam locomotives which burnt coal, filling the tunnels with smoke.

5) All trains operating on the suburban lines are driven by electricity.

6) Each railway station has at least two tracks, those for the incoming and outcoming trains.

7) Having arrived two days before the conference, he had a lot of time to see London.

8) The number and the spacing of the sleepers depend on the weight of trains passing over the track.

9) The volume of passenger transportation is increased in summertime because many people spend their holidays, traveling all over the country or abroad.

10) They stopped their experiments having obtained the necessary results.

**2. Form Participles II from the verbs given in brackets and translate the word combinations from English into Russian according to the model.**

***Model: a [to write] article → a written article (написанная статья)***

▫ the distance [to cover] by the train

▫ the [to delay] flight

▫ the [to break] engine

▫ mistakes [to make] in calculations

 ▫ the [to carry out] plan

▫ railway tickets [to sell] yesterday

▫ the contract [to sign] by two companies

▫ the [to damage] car

▫ freight [to transport] by railways

▫ luggage [to leave] in the Left-Luggage Room

**3. Translate the phrases given below into English. Pay attention to Participles I in different functions.**

▪ пассажиры, спешащие занять свои места

▪ работающий двигатель

▪ инженер, знающий два иностранных языка

▪ поезд, прибывающий через 5 минут

▪ возрастающий объём пассажирских перевозок

▪ строя мосты и тоннели

▪ испытывая новый двигатель

▪ проводя эксперимент

▪ опоздав на поезд

▪ проработав 20 лет на железной дороге

**4. Translate the phrasess given below into English. Pay attention to Participles II.**

▪ локомотив, приводимый в движение электричеством

▪ двигатель усовершенствованной конструкции

▪ железная дорога, построенная для высокоскоростных пассажирских перевозок

▪ застрахованный [to insure] автомобиль

▪ отремонтированный [to repair] участок пути

▪ цифры, упомянутые [to mention] в докладе

▪ полученный результат

▪ оборудование, установленное в лаборатории

▪ вокзал, реконструированный в прошлом году

▪ вагон, используемый для перевозки нефти

**5. Translate the following sentences replacing the Russian words by their English equivalents.**

1) The Oktyabrskaya Railway offers additional discounts for passengers [путешествующих] to Finland with children under the age of 17.

2) We spent an hour or two, [разговаривая] to our friends.

3) [Построив] the dam, they protected the village against flood.

4) In 1786, William Murdock, an English engineer, constructed a [работающую] model of a small steam locomotive.

5) The journey from London to Norwich (184 km) takes exactly two hours, [включая] stops.

6) [Увидев] the green light, we crossed the street.

7) Freight trains [состоящие] of more than 80 cars are hauled by two locomotives.

8) [Ожидая] for the train arrival, I looked through the magazines [лежащие] on the table.

9) [Получив] the telegram she immediately left for Glasgow.

10) At the stop we saw a lot of people [ожидавших] for the bus.

**ВАРИАНТ 2**

**1. Translate the following sentences paying attention to Participles** I.

1) The volume of passenger transportation is increased in summertime because many people spend their holidays, traveling all over the country or abroad.

2) They stopped their experiments having obtained the necessary results.

3) Chinese Railways lifted the maximum speed of passenger services to 140 km/h on seven key routes radiating from Beijing (Пекин).

4) Passengers leaving for London were invited to register and weigh their luggage.

5) While unloading the car we found a few broken boxes.

6) The leading role of the railway transport in Russia is explained by the specific territorial, climatic and geographical conditions.

7) When constructing the railway, it is cheaper to use local materials.

8) People living near airports suffer from the noise of taking off and landing jet airliners.

9) In 1840 the USA had 2,800 miles of railroad tracks consisting mainly of short lines.

10) Having measured the distance between two points, we can calculate the time a car can cover it, if we know the car’s average speed.

**2. Form Participles II from the verbs given in brackets and translate the word combinations from English into Russian according to the model.**

***Model: a [to write] article → a written article (написанная статья)***

▫ the [to restore] bridge

▫ the [to choose] profession

▫ machinery [to produce] at our plant

▫ the engine [to invent] by R. Diesel

▫ the [to forget] promise

▫ the [to propose] project

▫ [to increase] volume of traffic

▫ a [to force] landing

▫ freight [to deliver] two hours ago

▫ [to ensure] minimum of service

**3. Translate the phrases given below into English. Pay attention to Participles I in different functions.**

▪ поезд, прибывающий через 5 минут

▪ возрастающий объём пассажирских перевозок

▪ учёные, принимающие участие в конференции

▪ механик, устанавливающий новое

▪ профессор, читающий лекцию оборудование

▪ строя мосты и тоннели

▪ испытывая новый двигатель

▪ пытаясь отремонтировать прибор [to try]

▪ внедрив новые методы строительства

▪ проверив билеты у всех пассажиров

**4. Translate the phrasess given below into English. Pay attention to Participles II.**

▪ цифры, упомянутые [to mention] в докладе

▪ полученный результат

▪ оборудование, установленное в лаборатории

▪ вокзал, реконструированный в прошлом году

▪ вагон, используемый для перевозки нефти

▪ новая станция метро, отделанная [to decorate] мрамором и бронзой

▪ машина, сконструированная молодым инженером

▪ экзамены, сданные успешно

▪ билеты, купленные заранее

▪ вещи, оставленные в камере хранения

**5. Translate the following sentences replacing the Russian words by their English equivalents.**

1) Freight trains [состоящие] of more than 80 cars are hauled by two locomotives.

2) [Ожидая] for the train arrival, I looked through the magazines [лежащие] on the table.

3) [Получив] the telegram she immediately left for Glasgow.

4) At the stop we saw a lot of people [ожидавших] for the bus.

5) Ships are equipped with radar sets [помогающими] them to orient at sea.

6) A new road [соединяющая] the plant with the railway station is being built now.

7) [Оставив] our suitcases in the Left-Luggage Room we went to have a snack.

8) The workers were moving from car to car, carefully [осматривая] them.

9) The bright flowers [растущие] along the railroad track attracted the attention of all the passengers.

10) People [живущие] near railroad tracks often get so used to the sounds of [проходящий] trains that they rarely notice the noise, but their visiting friends can be quite distracted by it.